

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Instructor: \_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_

# 1

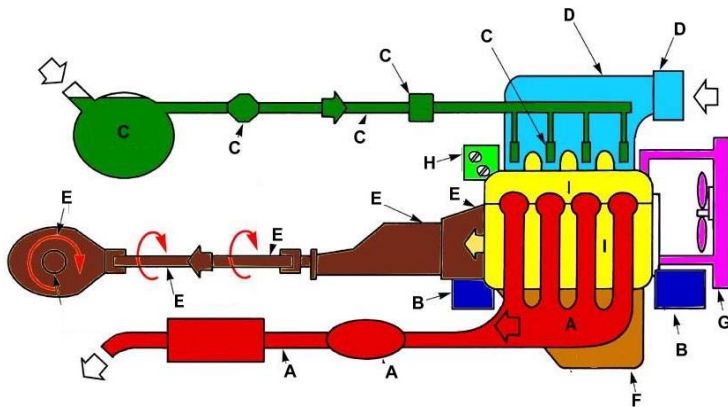
## The Automobile



**Objective:** After completing this workbook assignment, you'll be able to identify and explain the most important parts of a vehicle.

### Parts, Assemblies, and Systems

1. A(n) \_\_\_\_\_ is a set of fitted parts designed to complete a function.



2. Identify the following automotive systems and parts:

(Larger Picture in textbook)

- A. \_\_\_\_\_
- B. \_\_\_\_\_
- C. \_\_\_\_\_
- D. \_\_\_\_\_
- E. \_\_\_\_\_
- F. \_\_\_\_\_
- G. \_\_\_\_\_
- H. \_\_\_\_\_
- I. \_\_\_\_\_

3. List and Describe three of the most common automotive body types:

- A. \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- B. \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- C. \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

## **Engine**

**Match the terms on the right with the following statements:**

4. Covers and seals the top of the cylinder.	A. Camshaft	4.
5. Open and close to control the flow of the air-fuel mixture and the exhaust gases.	B. Cylinder Head	5.
6. Changes the reciprocating motion of the piston and rod into useful rotary motion.	C. Piston	6.
7. Keep(s) the valves closed when they do not need to be open.	D. Combustion Chamber	7.
8. Ride(s) on the cam lobe and transfers motion to other parts of the valve train.	E. Crankshaft	8.
9. Controls opening of the valves.	F. Valves	9.
10. Hollow area between the top of the piston and the bottom of the cylinder head.	G. Block	10.
11. Links the piston to the crankshaft.	H. Rings	11.
12. Metal casting that holds engine parts in place.	I. Valve Springs	12.
13. Keeps combustion pressure and oil from leaking between the piston and cylinder wall.	J. Lifters	13.
14. Transfers the energy of combustion to the connecting rod.		14.

## **Computer System**

15. The automobiles' computer system uses \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ devices to monitor and control various systems in the vehicle, including \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ systems.

16. Name the three primary parts and functions of an automotive computer system are \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_.

17. The functions of an automotive fuel system are to provide the correct mixture of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ for efficient combustion.

18. This system must add the right amount of \_\_\_\_\_ to the \_\_\_\_\_ entering the cylinders.

19. Modern fuel injection systems use a \_\_\_\_\_, sensors, and electrically operated fuel injectors to meter fuel into the engine.

20. A modern throttle valve controls airflow, \_\_\_\_\_, and engine power.

21. A carburetor fuel system uses engine \_\_\_\_\_ to draw fuel into the engine.

## **Electrical Systems**

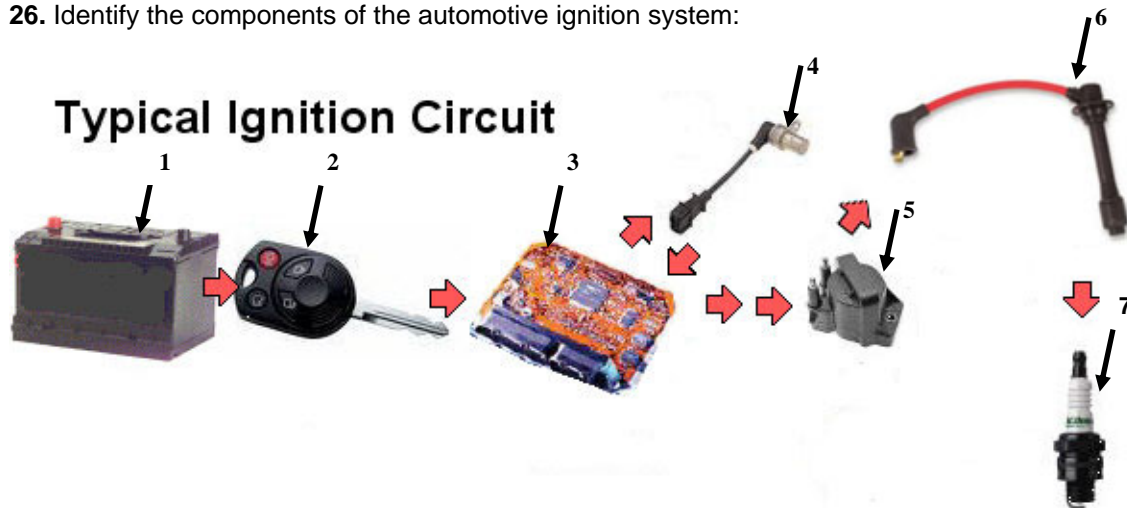
22. The purpose of the ignition coil is to produce a very high voltage to \_\_\_\_\_ the spark plug.

23. The ignition system's control module uses crankshaft sensor signals to \_\_\_\_\_ the ignition coil.

24. The starting system has a powerful \_\_\_\_\_ motor that rotates the engine crankshaft until the engine fires and runs on its own power.

25. A battery provides the \_\_\_\_\_ for the starting system.

26. Identify the components of the automotive ignition system:



1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_

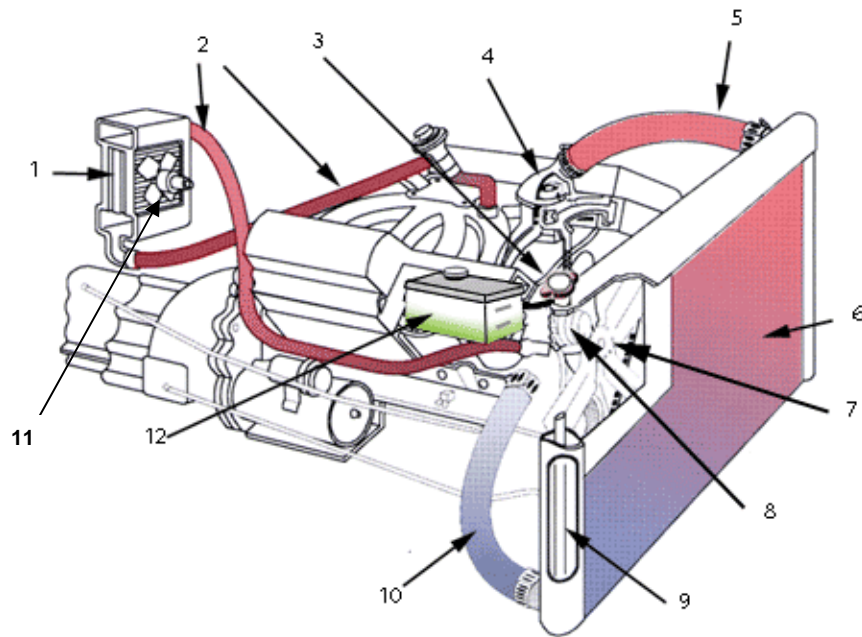
Spark Plug  
Spark Plug Wire  
Powertrain Control Module  
Unit Coil  
Ignition Key  
Crank-Trigger Ignition Sensor  
Battery

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## **Cooling and Lubrication Systems**

27. The purpose of an automotive cooling system is to speed engine \_\_\_\_\_, and maintain a consistent engine \_\_\_\_\_.
28. The water pump forces \_\_\_\_\_ through the inside of the engine, hoses, and radiator.
29. A fan draws cool air through the \_\_\_\_\_.
30. The cooling system thermostat on top of the \_\_\_\_\_ and controls \_\_\_\_\_ flow and engine \_\_\_\_\_.
31. The functions of an automotive lubrication system is to circulate filtered \_\_\_\_\_ to high friction points in the engine. The lubrication system also helps cool the engine by carrying \_\_\_\_\_ away from the engine.

32. Identify the parts of the automotive cooling system shown below:



1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_
9. \_\_\_\_\_
10. \_\_\_\_\_
12. \_\_\_\_\_

Radiator  
Water Pump  
Thermostat  
Lower Radiator Hose (Suction)  
Heater Core  
Heater Hoses  
Coolant Recovery Tank  
Transmission Cooler  
Upper Radiator Hose (Pressure)  
Fan  
Pressure Cap  
Heater Fan

33. The \_\_\_\_\_ pulls oil out of the pan forces it throughout the engine to lubricate and cool various moving parts within the engine.

## Exhaust and Emission Control Systems

34. Describe the purpose of an automotive exhaust system: \_\_\_\_\_

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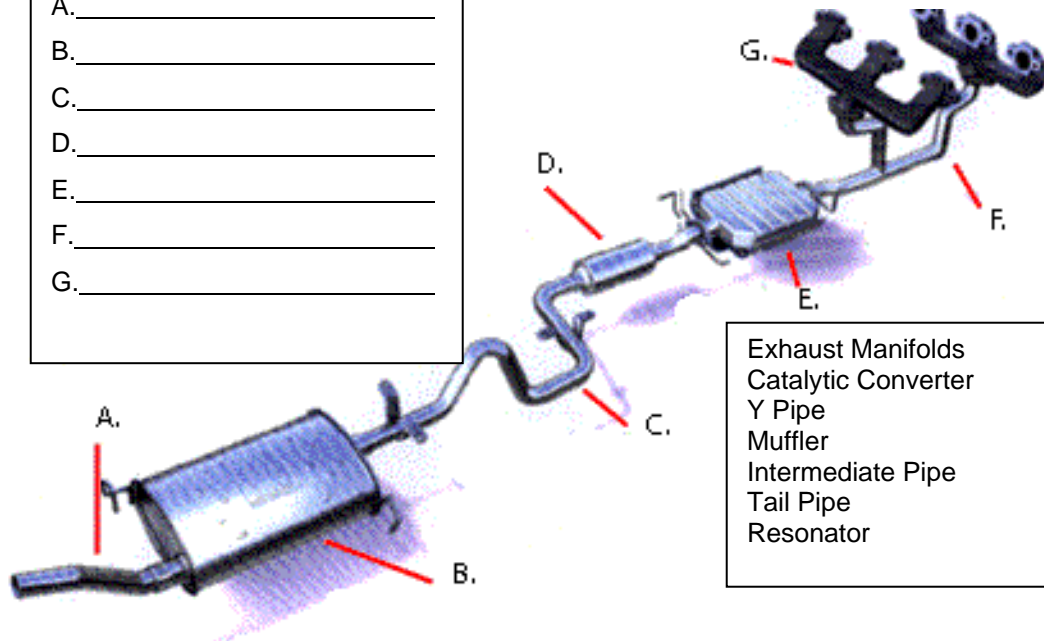


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35. Emission control systems are designed to reduce the levels \_\_\_\_\_ produced by an engine.

36. Identify and label the components of the automotive exhaust system.

A. \_\_\_\_\_  
 B. \_\_\_\_\_  
 C. \_\_\_\_\_  
 D. \_\_\_\_\_  
 E. \_\_\_\_\_  
 F. \_\_\_\_\_  
 G. \_\_\_\_\_



Exhaust Manifolds  
 Catalytic Converter  
 Y Pipe  
 Muffler  
 Intermediate Pipe  
 Tail Pipe  
 Resonator

## Drive Train Systems

Match the Terms on the left with the Statements on the right.

37. A transmission and differential in one assembly.  
 38. A set of gears and shafts that transmit power from the drive shafts to the axles.  
 39. Contains a differential and two axles.  
 40. Transfers power from the transmission to the rear axle assembly.  
 41. Uses an internal hydraulic system electronic controls to shift gears.  
 42. Lets the driver change gear ratios to accommodate driving conditions.  
 43. Uses various gear combinations, or ratios, multiply engine speed and torque to accommodate driving conditions.  
 44. Allows the driver to engage or disengage the engine and the manual transmission.  
 45. Transfers turning force from the engine crankshaft to the drive wheels.

37. \_\_\_\_\_  
 38. \_\_\_\_\_  
 39. \_\_\_\_\_  
 40. \_\_\_\_\_  
 41. \_\_\_\_\_  
 42. \_\_\_\_\_  
 43. \_\_\_\_\_  
 44. \_\_\_\_\_  
 45. \_\_\_\_\_

A. Rear Drive Axle  
 B. Clutch  
 C. Drive Train  
 D. Transmission  
 E. Drive Shaft  
 F. Differential  
 G. Axles  
 H. Torque Converter  
 I. Transaxle  
 J. Automatic Transmission  
 K. Manual Transmission

## Suspension, Steering, and Brake Systems

46. The suspension, steering, and brake systems are the \_\_\_\_\_ parts of the chassis.

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47. List three primary functions of an automobile suspension system:

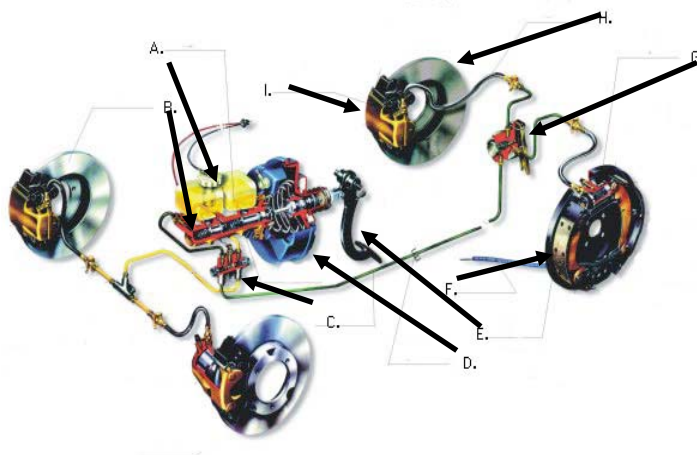
- A. \_\_\_\_\_  
B. \_\_\_\_\_  
C. \_\_\_\_\_

48. The steering system allows the driver to control the direction of the vehicle by turning the \_\_\_\_\_ from left to right.

49. \_\_\_\_\_ is created by the braking system by forcing the brake shoes and pads against the brake drums and rotors.

50. Label the parts of the illustrated brake system:

- A. \_\_\_\_\_  
B. \_\_\_\_\_  
C. \_\_\_\_\_  
D. \_\_\_\_\_  
E. \_\_\_\_\_  
F. \_\_\_\_\_  
G. \_\_\_\_\_  
H. \_\_\_\_\_  
I. \_\_\_\_\_



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## Safety and Accessory Systems

51. List four (4) examples of current automotive accessory systems:

- A. \_\_\_\_\_  
B. \_\_\_\_\_  
C. \_\_\_\_\_  
D. \_\_\_\_\_

52. List three (3) examples of current automotive safety systems:

- A. \_\_\_\_\_  
B. \_\_\_\_\_  
C. \_\_\_\_\_